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DESCRIPTION OF A NEW SPECIES OF ATHOUS AND RECORD OF THE FEMALE OF A. AZORICUS PLATIA & GUDENZI FROM THE AZORES (COLEOPTERA: ELATERIDAE)¹

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ABSTRACT

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Description of a new species of Athous and record of the female of A. azoricus Platia & Gudenzi from the Azores (Coleoptera: Elateridae)

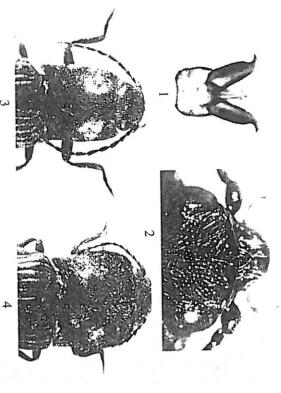
Athous (Orthathous) pomboi \mathbf{n} , \mathbf{sp} , is described from the Santa Maria Island. It is the second species of this genus known from the Azorcan Archipelago. The distinctive characters of the female of A, azoricus are given.

Key words: Coleoptera, Elateridae, Athous, new species, Azores.

INTRODUCTION

The Azores, an archipelago of nine islands located in the North Atlantic, is not particularly rich in endemic beetles and other arthropods when compared with the other Macaronesian archipelagoes of Madeira and Canaries (BORGES, 1992). However, after a recent intensive survey of 15 Natural Forest Reserves and other Azorean reserves (BALA – «Biodiversity of Arthropods of the Laurisilva of the Azores» 1998-2002, see BORGES et al. 2000) several new arthropod taxa was discovered including some beetles (see BLAS & BORGES, 1999; BORGES et al.,

¹ This is the article number 11 of the Project BALA (see (http://www.nrel.colostate.edu/IBOY/curope_ap.html#BALA)



Figs 1-4; Athous pomboi n. sp.: Acdeagus in dorsal view (0,95 mm) (1). Enlarged view of the trons of male (2). Partial habitus of male (3). Partial habitus of female (4).

in the press), one bug (RIBES & BORGES, 2001) and about 14 spider species (WUNDERLICH & BORGES, in preparation)

on the occasion of an arthropod biodiversity survey of the native and exotic forests in the geologically oldest Azorean island of S. Maria (VITORINO, 2000). from the Azores, Athous (Orthathous) pomboi n. sp., discovered in samples collected In this contribution we describe a new elaterid (Coleoptera, Elateridae) species

Alestrus dolosus (Crotch) (Terceira, Pico, S. Miguel, Flores); Athous azoricus Platia Aeolus melliculus moreleti Tarnier (Faial, Graciosa, S. Jorge, Terceira, S. Maria); 2002; BORGES, unpublished data): Heteroderes azoricus Tarnier (all islands); Elateridae are known from the Azores (see BORGES, 1992; PLATIA & GUDENZI & Gudenzi (S. Miguel, Terceira); Athous pomboi n. sp. (S. Maria). With Athous (Orthathous) pomboi n. sp. a total of five endemic species of

SYSTEMATIC PART

Athous (Orthathous) pomboi n. sp. (Figures 1-4)

Material examined

Borges coll.), Both deposited in the University of Azores in Terceira (UAT) at the Borges coll.). Paratype 1 q, same locality as holotype, 20-27, VIII. 1997 (Vitorino & «Arruda Furtado collection». Holotype & Azores, Santa Maria, Pico Alto, 20-27.VIII.1997 (Vitorino &

Description

shiny and smooth forming a very open v with the apex just protruding above the than wide; eleventh subellipsoidal narrowed in the apical third. clypeus; punctures broad, umbilicate with very reduced intervals. Antennae reaching brown-ferruginous; legs ferruginous; covered with, a dense, tawny yellow twice longer than wide; seventh-tenth less serrate with subparallel sides twice longer than second; second and third together longer than fourth; fourth -sixth subtriangular longer than wide; third conical nearly twice longer than wide and slightly longer the tips of posterior angles of pronotum; second antennomere subcylindrical, just pubescence. Head with eyes narrower than the anterior margin of pronotum; frons ferruginous apices of angles, and scutellum blackish; antennae and elytra lighter, flat on vertex, feebly impressed in the anterior half, anterior margin thickened, Male. Size. Length: 8,7 mm; width: 2,3 mm. Head, pronotum except the

subparallell, feebly sinuate and enlarged before the posterior angles, the latter just intervals, more dense toward the sides where they are superficial and umbilicate. divergent, not carinate; punctures on the disk deep, simple, with shortest and shiny vestige of median longitudinal depression, abruptly declivous at base; sides Pronotum just longer than wide, strongly and regularly convex, without any

flat, densely and roughly punctured. gradually narrowing from base to apex; striae well marked and punctured; interstriae punctured. Elytra 2,5 times longer than pronotum and 2,4 longer than wide; sides Scutellum narrower than interelytral space, suboval, convex and densely

at apex. (Fig. 1). Aedeagus with median lobe shorter than paramera, the latter acutely pointed Legs, with tarsal fourth article, in dorsal view, shorter and narrower than third

of pronotum, the latter quadrangular. antennae shorter not reaching for about two articles the apices of posterior angles Same colour as the male, body larger (length: 12,5 mm; width: 3,68 mm);

japonica at Pico Alto (approx. 560 m) boarding native forest (see VITORINO, 2000). programme of sampling epigean soil arthropods in exotic plantations of Cryptomeria The specimens were collected by mean of pitfall traps as part of a large-scale

Comparative remarks

Ecological notes

colour, in the male by the greater convexity of pronotum, the shape of anterior distinguished from A. azoricus Platia & Gudenzi, 2002 essentially by the darker frontal margin, and shorter antennae. This new species, the second of the genus described from the Azores, is

Dedicatio nominis

Dedicated to Mr. Dalberto Teixeira Pombo, a naturalist from Santa Maria.

Athous (Orthathous) azoricus Platia & Gudenzi, 2002 (Figures 5-6,

Length: 10 mm; width: 2,75 mm. Same coloration of the male; it differs from the examined a female specimen from: Azores, Terceira, Matela (Melo & Borges coll.). The species was described on a male from the island of São Miguel. We have



Figs 5-6: Athons azoricus Platia & Gudenzi: Partial Imbitus of male (5). Partial Imbitus of termie (6).

Ecological notes reaching for two articles the apices of the posterior angles of pronotum latter by the more convex and quadrangular pronotum and shorter antennae not

native forest (approx. 350 m) at Terceira (see MELO, 2001). programme of sampling epigean soil arthropods in Erica azorica and Laurus azorica The specimens were collected by mean of pitfall traps as part of a large-scale

DISCUSSION

obsoletus (Illiger) from Graciosa by BORGES & SERRANO (1989), but the only A. azoricus occurs at S. Miguel and Terceira. There is also a record of A. misidentifications and we may assert that only A. pomboi occurs at S. Maria and A. obsoletus (Illiger) for S. Maria and Terceira should be now considered as guel (BORGES, 1990). A. haemorrhoidalis was recorded from stored products by Miguel and S. Maria) and Athous haemorrhoidalis (Fabricius) known from S. Mibeen recorded: Athous obsoletus (Illiger) known from three islands (Terceira, S. specimen is of uncertain position. (Orthathous) azoricus Platia & Gudenzi (Platia & Gudenzi, 2002). The records of from S. Miguel by MEQUIGNON (1942) were recently described as Athous GUIMARAES & BEIJA (1974). The specimens of A. obsoletus (Illiger) recorded According to previous references to species from Azores, two species have

n.sp is the only of the five species that is exclusive to only one island. Three of the five Azorean endemic elaterids occur at S. Maria and A. pombos

highest point of the island (587 m), makes the protection of autochthonous fauna a a pattern of higher diversity of exclusive endemic species in this geologically older complicated endeavour. Particularly interesting is the fact that around 50 % of the island (BORGES, 1990, 1992; BORGES & BROWN, 1999). The fact that the native endemic beetle species exclusive from S. Maria, only occur in Pico Alto area. All vegetation is reduced to a small area (4 ha) located in the top of Pico Alto, the The discovery of, another new species of beetle in S. Maria is consistent with

> management of Pico Alto site is of particular concern and should include all native vegetation and surrounding exotic old plantations. beetle species (VITORINO, 2000) including Athous pomboi n. sp.. Therefore, the the site is surrounded by exotic trees that harbour an interesting number of endemic

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